25 MAR 81
MYSORE

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 12 Published by Authority. of 1881.

BANGALORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1881.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 24th March 1881.

No. 194.—Under the orders of the Government of India, HIS HIGHNESS CHAMARAJENDRA WODAYAR BAHADUR will to-morrow be installed as MAHA RAJA OF MYSORE, and the administration of the Province will then be placed in his hands.

The office of Chief Commissioner of Mysore will then cease to exist.

Mr. Gordon cannot lay down the Chief Commissionership without tendering his most cordial acknowledgments to the Officers, European and Native, who have served with him in the Mysore Commission, for the valuable aid which they have at all times given to him in the work of administration.

It will be Mr. Gordon's pleasing duty to place on record his sense of those services and to bring them to the favorable notice of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council.

The 25th March 1881.

No. 195.—The Chief Commissioner of Mysore under instructions from His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council publishes the accompanying Proclamation for the information of the People of the Province.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas in the year 1868 the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council announced by Proclamation to the Chiefs and People in Mysore that His Highness Chamarajendra Wodayar Bahadur, the adopted son of the late Maha Raja Krishnaraj Wodayar Bahadur, had been acknowledged by the Government of India as successor to Maha Raja Krishnaraj Wodayar Bahadur, and as Maha Raja of the Mysore Territories, and declared that when His Highness should attain the age of eighteen years, the government of the country would be entrusted to him subject to such conditions as might be determined at the time; now therefore His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council announces to the Chiefs and People of Mysore, by command of Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India, that His Highness Maha Raja Chamarajendra Wodayar Bahadur is hereby placed in possession of the Territories of Mysore and invested with the administration of the Mysore State, and His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council declares further to the Chiefs and People of Mysore that the administration of the aforesaid Territories by the British Government has on this day ceased and determined.

By Order of the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council.

25th March 1881.

The 19th March 1881.

No. 197.—Mr. D. Appu Rao, Acting Assistant Commissioner, Kadur District, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. Appu Rao is directed under the proviso to Section 355 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the English language.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th March 1881.

No. 27.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in accordance with the decision of the Secretary of State in his Despatch No. 35, dated 25th March 1880, the right of the State to metals and minerals is fully reserved in all waste lands in Coorg, the property of Government. In future sales and leases of waste lands for whatever purpose granted, unless and except for the express purpose of mining, the State right in mines and minerals and the right of access, and other reasonable conveniences for working them on behalf of Government, or of the assignees of Government will be expressly reserved. In the absence of express conditions to the contrary in the deeds of grant, the right of the State to metals and minerals is also reserved in all grants already made, save and except only such estates sold under the waste land rules whereof the fee simple has been redeemed under Rule XX of the Rules for the sale of waste lands; and the right of the State as aforesaid is reserved in all jamma and saga lands in Coorg and in the *bâne* and *barike* lands thereto attached.

2. Persons desirous of obtaining permission to mine for gold on Government waste land in the Coorg Province should apply for a mining lease to the Superintendent of Coorg specifying distinctly the situation of the land within which it is proposed to mine, and its boundaries as accurately as can be stated, together with its estimated area. Every application should be accompanied by a rough sketch of the tract applied for, or the approximate position of the lot required be marked on the survey plan.

No such lot shall exceed 30 acres in extent, nor will more than 30 acres in all, in one or more blocks, be given to one and the same applicant ; the breadth of each lot shall not be less than 70 yards. Applications will be dealt with in order of receipt by the Superintendent. On an application being accepted by the Superintendent, the lot or lots will be durably demarcated and surveyed at the cost of the applicant to whom a lease in the prescribed form will be granted on the following conditions :—

(1.) That the lease shall be for a term not exceeding twenty years.

(2.) That an annual rent of Rs. 5 per acre or portion of an acre shall be payable by two half-yearly instalments on such dates as may hereafter be determined.

(3.) That within 3 months from the date of the execution of the lease, not less than five laborers per acre shall be regularly employed during the ordinary hours of labor on *bonâ fide* mining operations *on each block* in such manner as the Government may approve. Returns of the number of laborers employed per diem shall be sent in to the Superintendent at the expiration of each month.

(4.) That the lease shall not be sub-let or assigned without the consent of Government being previously obtained.

(5.) That the lease shall be liable to forfeiture on failure to observe either of the conditions specified in clauses 2 and 3, or for any breach of clause 4, the Chief Commissioner being the final arbiter as to whether the conditions of the lease have been duly observed or not.

(6.) That the lease shall be renewable at the lessee's option on such terms as the Chief Commissioner for the time being may settle at the expiration of the original lease.

(7.) That during the term of the original lease, there shall be no liability to any royalty or other tax in addition to the rent specified in clause 2, except in accordance with the provisions of any Act or Regulation for the time being in force for the collection of local funds and with the further exception of any taxation which it may hereafter be found necessary to provide, at the expense of the lessees, the cost of such special police, communications, water supply, sanitation or other similar administrative arrangements as may, in the opinion of Government, be dictated in the interests of the local community immediately or directly affected by the results of the lessee's operations.

3. Without the written permission of the Superintendent previously obtained, the land applied for must not be entered upon, nor operations commenced.

4. Waste land required for purposes connected with mining operations, but not for actual mining, will be granted on Kaul or lease at the same rate per acre and under the same conditions as land granted for mining, clause 3 as regards the employment of laborers excepted.

5. No lessee or grantee of any block leased or granted under these rules for mining or other purposes shall divert any water course beyond the limits of the block leased or granted to him, and all water running waste on such block shall be returned to its natural channel within the limits of the same block. Failure to observe this condition will entail forfeiture of the Kaul or lease.

The 19th March 1881.

No. 28.—Mr. M. Muttanna, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Coorg, is granted casual leave of eight days, from the 22nd to 29th March 1881.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary.